

Transforming > Tomorrow

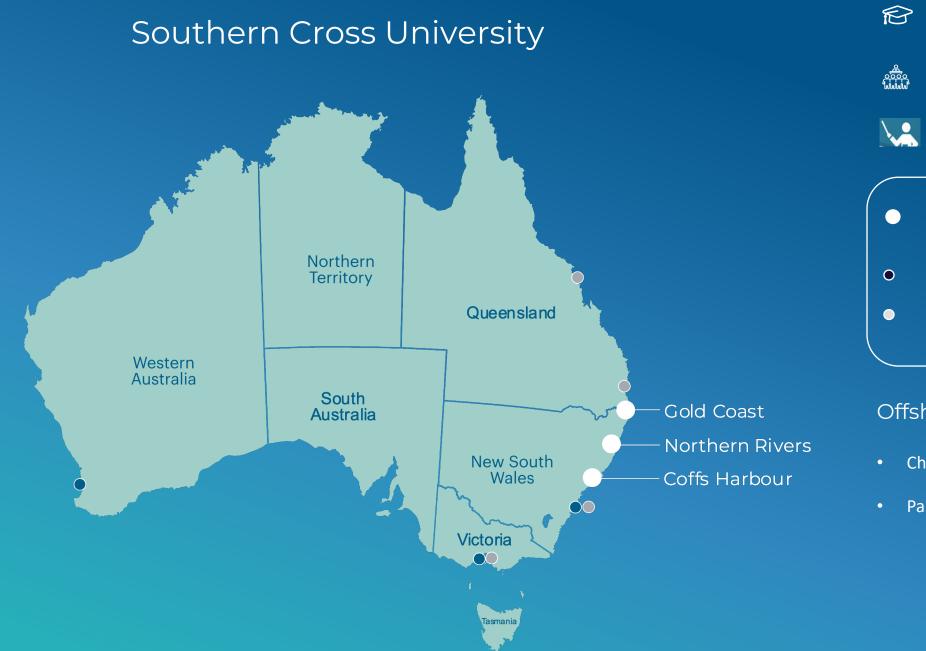
Immersive Block Scheduling in an Australian Public University: A Case Study in Increasing Student Success

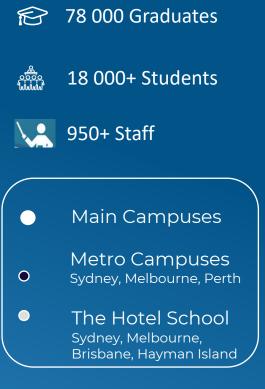
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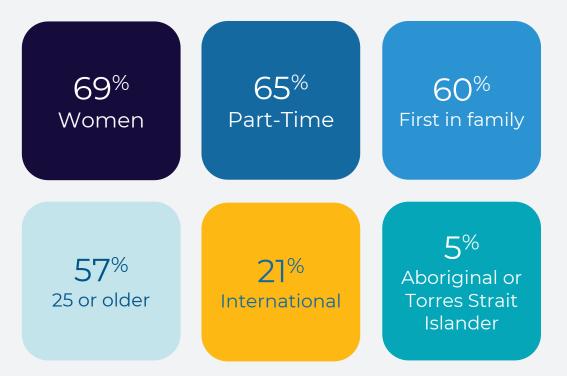


Offshore partnerships

- China: Dalian, Changchun, Tianjin, Liuzhou
- Papua New Guinea: Port Moresby



Our Students





Southern Cross University commencing student attrition (2019-2020):

32%



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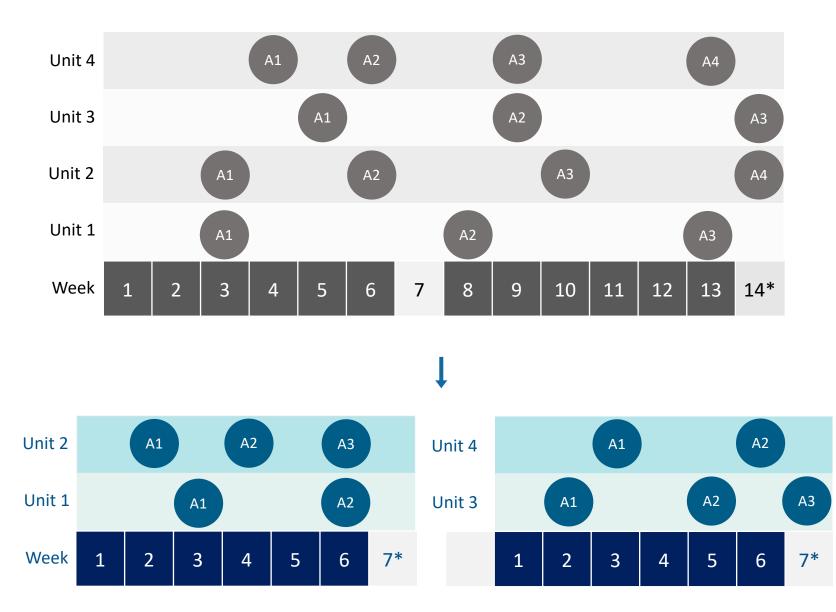
Average Australian public university commencing student attrition (2019-2020):

18%

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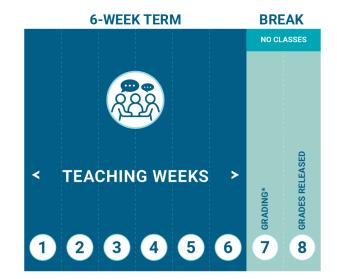
Source: Department of Education, 2023

A revolutionary change



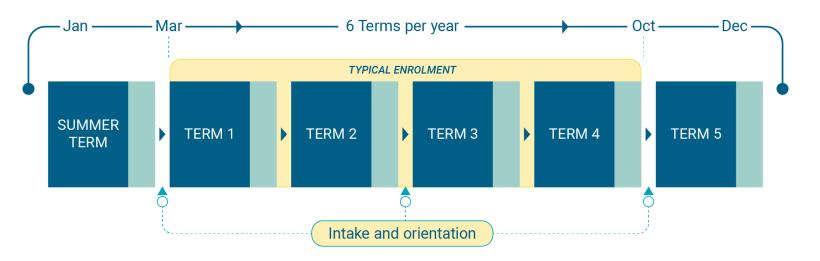
* Final assessment week for some units

The Southern Cross Model



- Students can enrol in a maximum of 2 units per Term
- The standard full-time study load is 8 units over 4 Terms per year
- Students submit a maximum of 3 assessments per unit

* Some units may have assessment in Week 7



A 3-year journey of implementation

2021 (Year 1)	2022 (Year 2)	2023 (Year 3)
Preparing for Success Program Civil Engineering Management Business and Enterprise	Education Science and Engineering Humanities, Arts, Social Science	Health Law
62 units	533 units	323 units

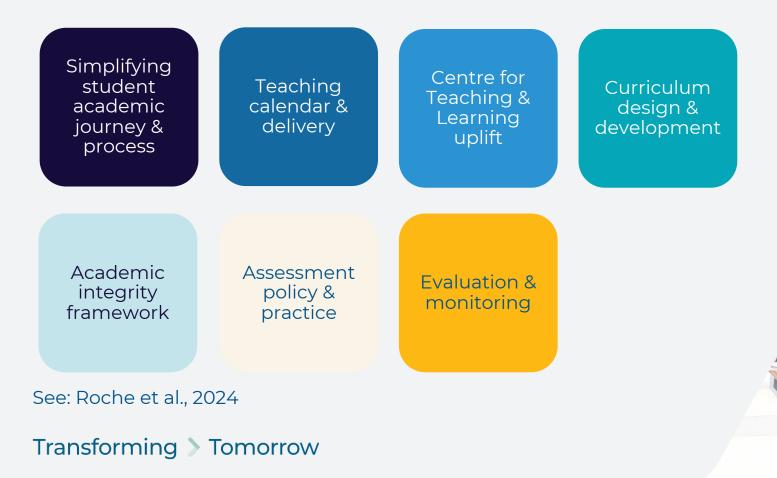
900+ units redeveloped

All Faculties, Colleges, Campuses, and Partners Onshore and Offshore





A whole-of-institution transformation





Immersive block models in HE

Southern Cross: Goode et al., 2023; Roche et al., 2024; Wilson et al., 2023

Victoria: Loton et al., 2022

Suffolk: Buck & Tyrrell, 2022

Plymouth: Turner et al., 2021

Manchester Metropolitan: Nerantzi & Chatzidamianos, 2020 De Montfort: Allman, 2024





Pedagogical principles for immersive block learning

Roche et al., 2024; see also Biggs, 2014; Garrison et al., 1999; Joyner & Isbell, 2021; Kellermann, 2021; Thalluri & Penman, 2018.

Focused	Guided	Active
Focus on what students need to know	Guide students through the curriculum	Learning activities are media-rich
	Signpost links in the curriculum	Learning activities are interactive and responsive
		Learning activities build a community of inquiry



Forms of learning in the Southern Cross Model





Self-access modules Interactive, media-rich, responsive learning



Class learning

content

Three hours weekly of case studies, discussions, application



Authentic assessment

No exams unless required by accrediting body (e.g., law)



Uplift in digital delivery and active learning pedagogy

See: Goode et al., 2022



Module 1. Public health and

COVID-19: Responding to

Module 4. The modern

university: How to write

essays and reports

uncertainty

View

View

Mark Reviewed

Mark Reviewed



Module 2. Diversity and

Communicating with integrity

representation:

Mark Reviewed



Module 3. Indigenous

contexts: How to write paragraphs using respectful academic language





Mark Reviewed

Module 5. Arts in society: How to use academic vocabulary and style

View

Mark Reviewe

Mark Reviewe

Module 6. Renewable energy: Exploring alternative genres of academic communication

View

View





Increased success rates and grade point averages (GPAs)

n (2019): 51,625 n (2023): 56,947 n (2024 to date): 14,097

Overall changes to success (~16.5% points) and GPA (~0.8) are statistically significant (p < .05) in 2023 and 2024 compared to 2019

Selected Period in () 2019 **()** 2023 **()** 2024

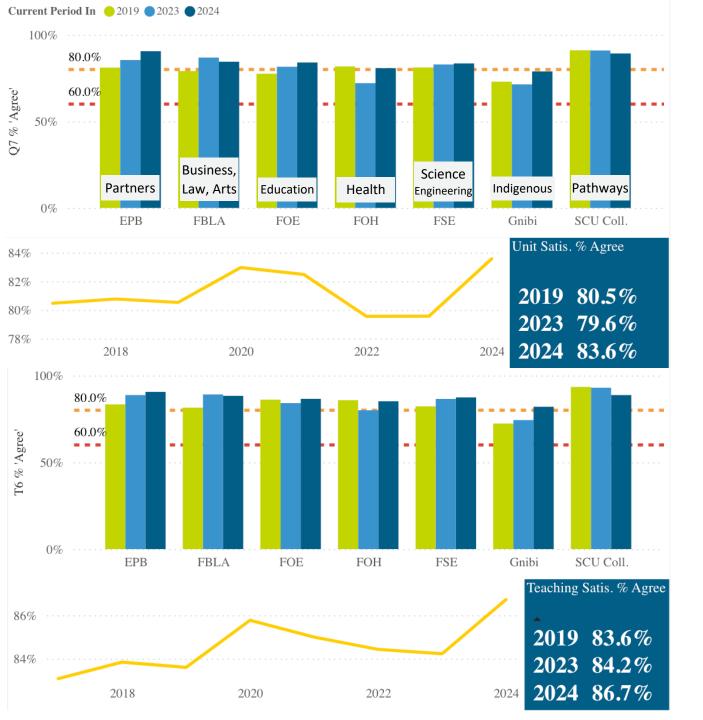




Sustained and strong unit and teaching satisfaction

n (2019): 13,712 n (2023): 19,735 n (2024 to date): 4,506

Overall changes are not statistically significant in 2023 and 2024 compared to 2019



Southern Cross University commencing student attrition (2019-2020):

32%

Southern Cross University commencing student attrition (2022-2023):

28%

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Southern Cross University commencing student attrition (2023-2024):



Source: Department of Education, 2023

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Key takeaways

- Curriculum innovation is making a significant positive difference to student academic achievement at a whole-of-institution level
- A pedagogy of focused, active, guided learning (Roche et al., 2024) can improve student outcomes
- Student satisfaction remains high, but continuous improvement is an important element of major curriculum reform



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Turner, R., Webb, O. J., & Cotton, D. R. E. (2021). Introducing immersive scheduling in a UK university: Potential implications for student attainment. *Journal of Further and Higher Education, 45*(10), 1371–1384. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/0309877X.2021.1873252</u>



Thank you

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SSRN Working Paper (Pre-Print) Series

The Southern Cross Model – Publications

Goode, E., Nieuwoudt, J. E., & Roche, T. (2022). Does online engagement matter? The impact of interactive learning modules and synchronous class attendance on student achievement in an immersive delivery model. *Australasian Journal of Educational Technology*, *38*(4), 76–94. <u>https://doi.org/10.14742/ajet.7929</u>

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Goode, E., Roche, T., Wilson, E., & McKenzie, J. W. (2023). Implications of immersive scheduling for student achievement and feedback. *Studies in Higher Education*, 48(7), 1123 –1136. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/03075079.2023.2184472</u>

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